Kuwait University
Dept of Math & Comp Sci

Math 102
Final Examination

Date: June 6, 1996 Duration: 2 hours

Answer all of the following questions. Calculators, Pagers and mobile telephones are NOT allowed.

1. Let
$$f(x) = \frac{9^x - 1}{0^x + 1}$$
, $-\infty < x < +\infty$.

Show that f^{-1} exists and state its domain and range and compute $f^{-1}(x)$. (4 points)

2. (a) Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 if $y = \frac{(1+x^2)^{\tan^{-1}(e^x)}}{(e^{\sin x})\sqrt[3]{1+x^3}}$ (4 points)

(b) Find
$$\lim_{x\to 0^+} \left(\frac{3^x+5^x}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{x}}$$
, if it exists. (4 points)

3. Evaluate the following integrals (4 points each)

(a)
$$\int \tanh x \operatorname{sech}^4 x \, dx$$

(b)
$$\int (1+\cos x)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

(c)
$$\int \frac{(x-5)^2}{\sqrt{-x^2+10x-24}} \, dx$$

(d)
$$\int \frac{1}{x^2} \tan^{-1}(\frac{1}{x}) dx$$

$$\text{(e) } \int \frac{e^{-x}}{e^x - 1} dx$$

4. Evaluate the improper integral $\int_{1}^{+\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x^2} dx$ if it converges. (4 points)

- 5. Sketch in polar coordinates the cardioid $r = 1 + \cos \theta$ and the circle $r = \sin \theta$ and find the area of the region outside the cardioid and inside the circle. (4 points)
- 6. Show that the graph of the equation $x^2-3y^2+2x+6y+1=0$ is a hyperbola. Determine the center, vertices, foci and sketch the graph. (4 points)
- 7. (a) Find the equation of the sphere whose center is the midpoint between P(3,4,5) and Q(-1,2,-3) and contains the point (5,2,2). (3 points)
 - (b) Find the area of the triangle determined by the points P(1,1,1), Q(0,3,0) and R(2,3,1). (3 points)

Good Luck